

The ancestor-loss-coefficient indicates, how many of the possible ancestors of a dog are present.

Example: Within three generations there are 14 ancestors possible (2 parents + 4 grandparents + 8 great-grandparents),
if one dog appears twice in the ancestor's table we calculate like this:

AVK3 von 13 / 14 * 100 = 92,86

If an ancestor is not present in our database we assume that this animal is not present otherwise in the table. It is thus calculated in favor of the animal.

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[Details of Cypress Bays Frozen from Mtn-To-Sea To Belleharbour](#)

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